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1	TO THE HONORABLE SENATE:	
2	The Committee on Judiciary to which was referred Senate Bill No. 116	
3	entitled "An act relating to the Racial Justice Oversight Board" respectfully	
4	reports that it has considered the same and recommends that the bill be	
5	amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu	
6	thereof the following:	
7	Sec. 1. 3 V.S.A. § 168 is added to read:	
8	§ 168. RACIAL JUSTICE BOARD	
9	(a) The Racial Justice Board is established. The Board shall be organized	
10	and have the duties and responsibilities as provided in this section. The Board	
11	shall be organized within the Office of the Attorney General, and members of	
12	the Board shall be drawn from throughout the State and from diverse racial,	
13	ethnic, religious, age, gender, sexual orientation, and socioeconomic	
14	backgrounds, and shall have had experience working to implement racial	
15	justice reform.	
16	(b) The Board shall comprise the following 15 members:	
17	(1) five members to represent the interests of communities of color	
18	throughout the State, appointed by the Attorney General, including:	
19	(A) a member with expertise in implicit bias;	
20	(B) a member with expertise in education;	

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1	(C) a member with expertise in labor and employment;	
2	(D) a member with expertise in health care; and	
3	(E) a member with expertise in economic development;	
4	Remove expertise requirements	
5	(2) the Executive Director of the Vermont Criminal Justice Training	
6	Council or designee;	
7	(3) the Attorney General or designee;	
8	(4) the Defender General or designee;	
9	(5) the Executive Director of the State's Attorneys and Sheriffs or	
10	designee;	
11	(6) the Chief Superior Judge or designee;	
12	(7) the Commissioner of Corrections or designee;	
13	(8) the Commissioner of Public Safety or designee;	
14	(9) a representative of the Vermont Police Association;	
15	(10) the Executive Director of the Vermont Human Rights Commission	
16	or designee; and	
17	(11) the Executive Director of the Vermont chapter of the ACLU or	
18	designee.	
19	(c) The members of the Board appointed under subdivision (b)(1) of this	
20	section shall serve staggered four-year terms. As terms of currently serving	

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1	members expire, appointments of successors shall be in accord with the
2	provisions of subsection (b) of this section. Appointments of members to fill
3	vacancies or expired terms shall be made by the authority that made the initial
4	appointment to the vacated or expired term. Members of the Board shall be
5	eligible for reappointment. Members of the Board shall serve no more than
6	three consecutive terms in any capacity.
7	(d) Members of the Board shall elect biennially by majority vote the Chair
8	of the Board. Members of the Board shall receive no compensation for their
9	services, but shall be entitled to reimbursement for expenses in the manner and
10	amount provided to employees of the State.
11	(e) A majority of the members of the Board shall constitute a quorum, and
12	all action shall be taken upon a majority vote of the members present and
13	voting.
14	(f) The Board shall undertake an ongoing formal review of racial justice
15	reform across the State, including within the State systems of education, labor
16	and employment, housing, health care, economic development, and criminal
17	and juvenile justice, by monitoring the collection and publication of race-based
18	data, recommending policies and trainings to address systemic implicit bias,
19	and evaluating racial justice policies, practices, and results statewide, including

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1	determining whether there is variation across the State and the cause of any	
2	such variation. In furtherance of that responsibility, the Board shall:	
3	(1) review and make recommendations to address persistent racial	
4	disparities in State systems of education, labor and employment, economic	
5	development, health care, and housing; Is this what we want to do or are we	
6	limiting the scope to criminal justice system.	
7	(2) review and make recommendations to address persistent racial	
8	disparities in statewide systems of criminal and juvenile justice, including:	
9	(A) continually reviewing the data collected pursuant to 20 V.S.A.	
10	§ 2366 to measure State progress toward a fair and impartial system of law	
11	enforcement;	
12	(B) providing recommendations to the Criminal Justice Training	
13	Council and the Vermont Bar Association, based on the latest social science	
14	research and best practices in law enforcement and criminal and juvenile	
15	justice, on data collection and model trainings and policies for law	
16	enforcement, judges, correctional officers, and attorneys, including prosecutors	
17	and public defenders, to recognize and address implicit bias; and	
18	(C) providing recommendations to the Criminal Justice Training	
19	Council, based on the latest social science research and best practices in law	

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1	enforcement, on data collection and a model training and policy on the use of	
2	force in policing;	
3	(3) educate and engage with communities, businesses, educational	
4	institutions, State and local governments, and the general public about the	
5	nature and scope of racial discrimination and the systemic and institutionalized	
6	nature of race-based bias, and on progress made toward racial justice;	
7	(4) at the Board's discretion, provide the Executive and Legislative	
8	Branches of State government with an assessment of the disparate racial	
9	impact of a proposed policy or legislation; and	
10	(5) on or before January 15, 2018, and biannually thereafter, report to	
11	the General Assembly, and provide as a part of that report recommendations to	
12	address systemic implicit bias in Vermont, including whether or how to:	
13	(A) methods of oversight and professional regulation of the systems	
14	for criminal and juvenile justice, including a statewide program for civilian	
15	oversight of law enforcement; Insert	
16	(B) institute a public complaint process to address perceived implicit	
17	bias across all systems of State government; How! Leg already decided the	
18	IF. Act 134 2012 asked LEAB for recommendations on the how 5 years	
19	ago. No follow-up completed	

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1	(C) prohibit racial profiling, including implementing any associated
2	penalties;
3	(D) expand law enforcement race data collection practices to include
4	data on nontraffic stops by law enforcement; and
5	(E) Expanding LE training to include appropriate use of force and de
6	escalation training. This was lost somewhere.
7	(F) to address persistent racial disparities in State systems of
8	education, labor and employment, economic development, health care,
9	and housing: If the scope of the board is limited to criminal justice,
10	this belongs here,
11	(G) amend the Vermont Constitution to clarify that slavery in any
12	form is prohibited.
13	Sec. 2. 20 V.S.A. § 2358 is amended to read:
14	§ 2358. MINIMUM TRAINING STANDARDS; DEFINITIONS
15	* * *
16	(e)(1) The criteria for all minimum training standards under this section
17	shall include anti-bias training approved by the Vermont Criminal Justice
18	Training Council and training on the State, county, or municipal law
19	enforcement agency's fair and impartial policing policy, adopted pursuant to
20	subsection 2366(a) of this title.

1	(2) On or before December 31, 2018, law enforcement officers shall	
2	receive a minimum of four hours of training as required by this subsection.	
3	Subdivision (e)(3) effective January 1, 2019.	
4	(3) In order to remain certified, law enforcement officers shall receive a	
5	refresher course on the training required by this subsection during every odd-	
6	numbered year in a program approved by the Vermont Criminal Justice	
7	Training Council.	
8	(4) The Criminal Justice Training Council shall, on an annual basis,	
9	report to the Racial Justice Board regarding:	
10	(A) the adoption and implementation of the Board's recommended	
11	data collection methods and implicit bias trainings and policies pursuant to 3	
12	V.S.A. § 168(f)(2)(B); Training Only (20 2358)	
13	(B) the incorporation of implicit bias training into the requirements of	
14	basic training pursuant to this subsection; and	
15	(C) the implementation of the refresher all trainings as required by	
16	this subsection.	
17	Sec. 3. 20 V.S.A. § 2366(f) is added to read:	
18	(f) Nothing in this section is intended to prohibit or impede any public	
19	agency from complying with the lawful requirements of 8 U.S.C. §§ 1373 and	
20	1644. To the extent any State or local law enforcement policy or practice	

1	conflicts with the lawful requirements of 8 U.S.C. §§ 1373 and 1644, said		
2	policy or practice is, to the extent of such conflict, abolished.		
3	Sec. 4. 20 V.S.A. § 2366 is amended to read:		
4	§ 2366. LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES; FAIR AND IMPARTIAL		
5	POLICING POLICY; RACE DATA COLLECTION		
6	(a)(1) On or before January 1, 2016, the Criminal Justice Training Council,		
7	in consultation with stakeholders, including the Vermont League of Cities and		
8	Towns, the Vermont Human Rights Commission, and Migrant Justice, shall		
9	ereate a model fair and impartial policing policy. On or before July 1, 2016		
10	March 1, 2018, every State, local, county, and municipal law enforcement		
11	agency and every constable who exercises law enforcement authority pursuant		
12	to 24 V.S.A. § 1936a and who is trained in compliance with section 2358 of		
13	this title shall adopt a fair and impartial policing policy that includes, at a		
14	minimum, the elements each component of the Criminal Justice Training		
15	Council Council's model fair and impartial policing policy.		
16	(2) On or before October 1, 2018, and every even-numbered year		
17	thereafter, the Criminal Justice Training Council, in consultation with others,		
18	including the Attorney General and the Human Rights Commission, shall		
19	review and, if necessary, update the model fair and impartial policing policy.		

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2 the Criminal Justice Training Council, in consultation with the Office of the 3 Attorney General, shall review the policies of law enforcement agencies and 4 constables required to adopt a policy pursuant to subsection (a) of this section 5 to ensure those policies establish each component of the model policy on or 6 before April 15, 2018. If a the Council finds that a policy does not meet each 7 component of the model policy, it shall work with the law enforcement agency 8 or constable to bring the policy into compliance. If, after consultation with its 9 attorney, the Council, or both, the law enforcement agency or constable that is 10 required to adopt a policy pursuant to subsection (a) of this section fails to do 11 so adopt a policy that meets each component of the model policy on or before 12 July 1, 2016, that agency or constable shall be deemed to have adopted, and 13 shall follow and enforce, the model policy issued by the Criminal Justice 14 Training Council. 15 (c) On or before September 15, 2014, and annually thereafter Annually, as 16 part of their annual training report to the Council, every State, county, and 17 municipal law enforcement agency and every constable who exercises law 18 enforcement authority pursuant to 24 V.S.A. § 1936a and who is trained in

compliance with section 2358 of this title shall report to the Council whether

the agency or officer has adopted a fair and impartial policing policy in

(b) To encourage consistent fair and impartial policing practices statewide,

1	accordance with subsections (a) and (b) of this section. The Criminal Justice	
2	Training Council shall determine, as part of the Council's annual certification	
3	of training requirements, whether current officers have received training on fair	
4	and impartial policing as required by 20 V.S.A. § 2358(e).	
5	(d) On or before October 15, 2014, and annually thereafter Annually on	
6	April 1, the Criminal Justice Training Council shall report to the House and	
7	Senate Committees on Judiciary Board which departments and officers have	
8	adopted a fair and impartial policing policy, and whether officers have	
9	received training on fair and impartial policing The Racial Justice Oversight	
10	Board shall report this information to the House and Senate Committees on	
11	Judiciary annually on or before May 1.	
12	Report to the Racial Justice Oversight Board	
13	(e)	
14	(4) The Council will ensure that the Racial Justice Oversight Board has	
15	access to all agency race traffic stop data and the data is updated on an annual	
16	basis at a minimum. The Racial Justice Oversight Board shall report progress	
17	made on data collection the overall data disparity status of all LE agencies to	
18	the House and Senate Committees on Judiciary annually on or before May 1.	
19	This is how we measure our progress in addressing racial disparities	
20	* * *	

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1	Sec. 5. CRIMINAL JUSTICE TRAINING COUNCIL; FAIR AND
2	IMPARTIAL POLICING POLICY
3	(a) On or before October 1, 2017, the Criminal Justice Training Council, in
4	consultation with the Attorney General, shall review and modify the model fair
5	and impartial policing policy to the extent necessary to bring the policy into
6	compliance with 8 U.S.C. §§ 1373 and 1644.
7	(b) On or before January 1, 2018, the Criminal Justice Training Council, in
8	consultation with stakeholders, including the Vermont League of Cities and
9	Towns, the Vermont Human Rights Commission, and Migrant Justice, shall
10	update its model fair and impartial policing policy to provide one cohesive
11	model policy for law enforcement agencies and constables to adopt as a part of
12	the agency or constable's own fair and impartial policing policy pursuant to
13	20 V.S.A. § 2366(a)(1).
14	Sec. 6. EFFECTIVE DATES
15	This act shall take effect on passage, except that Sec. 4 (law enforcement
16	agencies; fair and impartial policing policy; race data collection) shall take
17	effect on March 1, 2018.
18	and that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read: "An act relating
19	to the Racial Justice Board"
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1	(Committee vote:)	
2		
3		Senator
4		FOR THE COMMITTEE